

*What is claimed is:*

1. A polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of a mammalian amyloid protein precursor (APP) or fragment thereof containing an APP cleavage site recognizable by a mammalian  $\beta$ -secretase, and further comprising two lysine residues at the carboxyl terminus of the amino acid sequence of the mammalian APP or APP fragment.
2. A polypeptide according to claim 1 comprising the amino acid sequence of a mammalian amyloid protein precursor (APP), and further comprising two lysine residues at the carboxyl terminus of the amino acid sequence of the mammalian amyloid protein precursor.
3. A polypeptide according to claim 1 wherein the polypeptide further includes a marker.
4. A polypeptide according to claim 3 wherein the marker comprises a reporter protein amino acid sequence attached to the APP amino acid sequence.
5. A polypeptide according to claim 4 wherein the reporter protein comprises an amino acid sequence of a fluorescing protein.
6. A polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the mammalian APP is a human APP.
7. A polypeptide according to claim 6, wherein the human APP comprises at least one variation selected from the group consisting of a Swedish KM-NL mutation and a London V717-F mutation.

8. A polypeptide according to claim 6, wherein the human APP is selected from the group consisting of: an APP695 isoform, an APP 751 isoform, and an APP770 isoform.

5 9. A polypeptide according to claim 1 wherein the APP protein or fragment thereof comprises the APP-Sw  $\beta$ -secretase peptide sequence NLDA.

10 10. A polypeptide according to claim 9 wherein the APP protein or fragment thereof comprises the APP-Sw  $\beta$ -secretase peptide sequence SEVNLDAEFR (SEQ ID NO: 63).

11. A polypeptide according to claim 9 wherein the APP protein or fragment thereof further includes an APP transmembrane domain carboxy-terminal to the APP-Sw  $\beta$ -secretase peptide sequence.

15 12. A polypeptide according to claim 9 wherein the APP protein or fragment thereof comprises a chimeric APP, said chimeric APP including partial APP amino acid sequences from at least two species.

20 13. A polypeptide according to claim 12 wherein the chimeric APP includes amino acid sequence of a human APP and a rodent APP.

25 14. A polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes a polypeptide according to any one of claims 1.

15. A vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 14.

30 16. A vector according to claim 15 wherein said polynucleotide is operably linked to a promoter to promote expression of the polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide in a host cell.

17. A host cell transformed or transfected with a polynucleotide according to claim 14 or a vector according to claim 15 or 16.

18. A host cell according to claim 17 that is a mammalian cell.

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19. A polypeptide useful for assaying for modulators of  $\beta$ -secretase activity, said polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of the formula  $\text{NH}_2\text{-X-Y-Z-KK-COOH}$ ;

10 wherein X, Y, and Z each comprise an amino acid sequence of at least one amino acid;

wherein-NH<sub>2</sub>-X comprises an amino-terminal amino acid sequence having at least one amino acid residue;

wherein Y comprises an amino acid sequence of a  $\beta$ -secretase recognition site of a mammalian amyloid protein precursor (APP); and

15 wherein Z-KK-COOH comprises a carboxy-terminal amino acid sequence ending in two lysine (K) residues.

20. A polypeptide according to claim 19 wherein the carboxyl-terminal amino acid sequence Z includes a hydrophobic domain that is a transmembrane domain in host cells that express the polypeptide.

21. A polypeptide according to claim 19 wherein the amino-terminal amino acid sequence X includes an amino acid sequence of a reporter protein.

25 22. A polypeptide according to claim 19 wherein the  $\beta$ -secretase recognition site Y comprises the human APP-Sw  $\beta$ -secretase peptide sequence NLDA.

30 23. A polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes a polypeptide according to any one of claims 19-22.

24. A purified polypeptide comprising the murine Asp2 amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 8, or a fragment thereof that retains the  $\beta$ -secretase activity of said murine Asp2.

5 25. A polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes the polypeptide of claim 24.

26. A polynucleotide according to claim 25 comprising the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 7.

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27. A purified murine Asp2(b) polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set for in SEQ ID NO: 8 from residues 1-189 and 215-501, but lacking residues 190-214.

15 28. A polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes the murine Asp2(b) polypeptide according to claim 27.

29. A vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 25.

20 30. A vector according to claim 29 wherein said polynucleotide is operably linked to a promoter to promote expression of the polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide in a host cell.

25 31. A host cell transformed or transfected with a vector according to claim 30.

32. A host cell according to claim 31 that is a mammalian cell.

30 33. A host cell according to claim 31 that expresses the polypeptide on its surface.



43. A host cell according to claim 41 wherein the APP comprises the Swedish mutation (K→N, M→L) adjacent to the β-secretase cleavage site.

5 44. A host cell according to claim 41 that expresses the polypeptide and the APP on its surface.

45. A method of making a murine Asp2 polypeptide comprising steps of culturing a host cell of claim 38 in a culture medium under conditions in which the cell produces the polypeptide that is encoded by the polynucleotide.

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46. A method according to claim 45, further comprising a step of purifying the polypeptide from the cell or the culture medium. –

15 47. A purified polypeptide comprising a fragment of a mammalian Asp2 protein, wherein said polypeptide lacks the Asp2 transmembrane domain of said Asp2 protein, and wherein the polypeptide and the fragment retain the β-secretase activity of said mammalian Asp2 protein.

20 48. A purified polypeptide according to claim 47 comprising a fragment of a human Asp2 protein that retains the β-secretase activity of said human Asp2 protein.

25 49. A purified polypeptide according to claim 48, wherein said polypeptide comprises a fragment of Asp2(a) having the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4, and wherein said polypeptide lacks transmembrane domain amino acids 455 to 477 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

50. A purified polypeptide according to claim 49, wherein said polypeptide further lacks cytoplasmic domain amino acids 478 to 501 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

51. A purified polypeptide according to claim 50, wherein said polypeptide further lacks amino acids 420-454 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

52. A purified polypeptide according to any one of claims 48-51, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence:

that includes amino acids 58 to 419 of SEQ ID NO: 4, and  
that lacks amino acids 22 to 57 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

53. A purified polypeptide according to any one of claims 48-51, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence:

that includes amino acids 46 to 419 of SEQ ID NO: 4, and  
that lacks amino acids 22 to 45 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

54. A purified polypeptide according to claim 49, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that includes amino acids 22 to 454 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

55. A purified polypeptide according to claim 47 comprising the amino acid sequence of human Asp-2(b) protein set forth as SEQ ID NO: 6, or fragments thereof that retain  $\beta$ -secretase activity.

56. A purified polypeptide according to claim 48, wherein said polypeptide comprises a fragment of Asp2(b) having the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6, and wherein said polypeptide lacks transmembrane domain amino acids 430 to 452 of SEQ ID NO: 6.

57. A purified polypeptide according to claim 56, wherein said polypeptide further lacks cytoplasmic domain amino acids 453 to 476 of SEQ ID NO: 6.

58. A purified polypeptide according to claim 57, wherein said polypeptide further lacks amino acids 395-429 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

59. A purified polypeptide according to any one of claims 56-58, wherein  
5 said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence:  
that includes amino acids 58 to 394 of SEQ ID NO: 4, and  
that lacks amino acids 22 to 57 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

60. A purified polypeptide according to any one of claims 56-58, wherein  
10 said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence:  
that includes amino acids 46 to 394 of SEQ ID NO: 4, and  
that lacks amino acids 22 to 45 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

61. A purified polypeptide according to claim 56, wherein said polypeptide  
15 comprises an amino acid sequence that includes amino acids 22 to 429 of SEQ ID  
NO: 6.

62. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95%  
identical to a fragment of a human Asp2 protein, wherein said polypeptide and said  
20 fragment lack a transmembrane domain and retain  $\beta$ -secretase activity of the human  
Asp2 protein.

63. A purified polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that  
encodes the polypeptide of any one of claims 47-63.  
25

64. A polynucleotide of claim 47 wherein the polypeptide comprises a  
fragment of human Asp2 protein.

65. A polynucleotide of claim 64 wherein the polypeptide comprises a  
30 fragment of Asp2(a) having the amino acid sequence set forth as SEQ ID NO: 4, and



wherein the polypeptide lacks the transmembrane domain amino acids 455-477 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

5           66.    A polynucleotide of claim 64, wherein the polypeptide further lacks cytoplasmic domain amino acids 478-501 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

          67.    A purified polynucleotide of claim 66, wherein said polypeptide further lacks amino acids 420-454 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

10           68.    A polynucleotide of claim 65, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence:  
                  that includes amino acids 58-419 of SEQ ID NO: 4, and  
                  that lacks amino acids 22-57 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

15           69.    A polynucleotide of claim 65, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence:  
                  that includes amino acids 46-419 of SEQ ID NO: 4, and  
                  that lacks amino acids 22-45 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

20           70.    A polynucleotide of claim 65, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that includes amino acids 22-454 of SEQ ID NO: 4.

          71.    A polynucleotide of claim 64, wherein the polypeptide comprises a fragment of human Asp2(b) having the amino acid set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6, and  
25           wherein the polypeptide lacks transmembrane domain amino acids 430-452 of SEQ ID NO: 6.

          72.    A polynucleotide of claim 71, wherein the polypeptide lacks cytoplasmic domain amino acids 453-476 of SEQ ID NO: 6.

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73. A polynucleotide of claim 72, wherein the polypeptide further lacks amino acids 395-429 of SEQ ID NO: 6.

5 74. A polynucleotide of claim 71, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence:  
that includes amino acids 58-394 of SEQ ID NO: 6, and  
that lacks amino acids 22 to 57 of SEQ ID NO: 6.

10 75. A polynucleotide of claim 71, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence:  
that includes amino acids 46-394 of SEQ ID NO: 6, and  
that lacks amino acids 22-45 of SEQ ID NO: 6.

15 76. A polynucleotide of claim 71, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that includes amino acids 22 to 429 of SEQ ID NO: 6.

77. A vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 63.

20 78. A host cell transformed or transfected with a polynucleotide according to claim 63.

79. A host cell transformed or transfected with a vector of claim 77.

25 80. A polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that hybridizes under stringent conditions to a nucleic acid comprising the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4 or SEQ ID NO: 6, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide having  $\beta$ -secretase biological activity.

30 81. A vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 80.

82. A host cell transformed or transfected with a polynucleotide of claim  
80.

83. A method for assaying for modulators of  $\beta$ -secretase activity,  
5 comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a first composition with a second composition both in the  
presence and in the absence of a putative modulator compound, wherein the first  
composition comprises a mammalian  $\beta$ -secretase polypeptide or biologically active  
fragment thereof, and wherein the second composition comprises a substrate  
10 polypeptide having an amino acid sequence comprising a  $\beta$ -secretase cleavage site;

(b) measuring cleavage of the substrate polypeptide in the presence and in  
the absence of the putative modulator compound; and

(c) identifying modulators of  $\beta$ -secretase activity from a difference in  
cleavage in the presence versus in the absence of the putative modulator compound,  
15 wherein a modulator that is a  $\beta$ -secretase antagonist reduces such cleavage and a  
modulator that is a  $\beta$ -secretase agonist increases such cleavage.

84. A method according to claim 83, wherein the first composition  
comprises a purified human Asp2 polypeptide.  
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85. A method according to claim 83, wherein the first composition  
comprises a soluble fragment of a human Asp2 polypeptide that retains Asp2  $\beta$ -  
secretase activity.

86. A method according to claim 85 wherein the soluble fragment is a  
25 fragment lacking an Asp2 transmembrane domain.

87. A method according to claim 83, wherein the substrate polypeptide of  
the second composition comprises the amino acid sequence SEVNLDAEFR.  
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88. A method according to claim 83, wherein the substrate polypeptide of the second composition comprises the amino acid sequence EVKMDAEF.

89. A method according to claim 83, wherein the second composition comprises a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of a human amyloid precursor protein (APP).

90. A method according to claim 89, wherein the human amyloid precursor protein is selected from the group consisting of: APP695, APP751, and APP770.

91. A method according to claim 90, wherein the human amyloid precursor protein includes at least one mutation selected from a KM-NL Swiss mutation and a V-F London mutation.

92. A method according to claim 89, wherein the polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of a human APP further comprises an amino acid sequence comprising a marker sequence attached amino-terminal to the amino acid sequence of the human amyloid precursor protein.

93. A method according to claim 89, wherein the polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of a human APP further comprises two lysine residues attached to the carboxyl terminus of the amino acid sequence of the human APP.

94. A method according to claim 82, wherein the second composition comprises a eukaryotic cell that expresses amyloid precursor protein (APP) or a fragment thereof containing a  $\beta$ -secretase cleavage site.

95. A method according to claim 94, wherein the APP expressed by the host cell is an APP variant that includes two carboxyl-terminal lysine residues.



99. A method according to claim 97 wherein the Hu-Asp2 comprises the Hu-Asp2(a) amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4.

5 100. A method according to claim 97, wherein the Hu-Asp2 comprises the Hu-Asp2(b) amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6.

101. A method according to claim 97, wherein the Hu-Asp2 comprises a fragment of Hu-Asp2(a) (SEQ ID NO: 4) or Hu-Asp2(b) (SEQ ID NO: 6), wherein said fragment exhibits aspartyl protease activity characteristic of Hu-Asp2(a) or Hu-Asp2(b).

102. A method according to claim 96, wherein the APP comprises the Swedish mutation (K→N, M→L) adjacent to the β-secretase processing site.

15 103. A method according to claim 96, further comprising a step of treating Alzheimer's Disease with an agent identified as an inhibitor of Hu-Asp2 according to steps (a)-(c).

20 104. A method for identifying agents that inhibit the activity of human Asp2 aspartyl protease (Hu-Asp2), comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting Hu-Asp2 and amyloid precursor protein (APP) in the presence and absence of a test agent, wherein the APP comprises a carboxy-terminal di-lysine (KK) and wherein the contacting comprises growing a host cell that expresses the APP in the presence and absence of the test agent;
  - (b) determining the APP processing activity of the Hu-Asp2 in the presence and absence of the test agent; and
  - (c) comparing the APP processing activity of the Hu-Asp2 polypeptide in the presence of the test agent to the activity in the absence of the test agent to identify an agent that inhibits the activity of Hu-Asp2, wherein reduced
- 25 30

activity in the presence of the test agent identifies an agent that inhibits Hu-Asp2 activity.

105. A method according to claim 104, wherein the APP further comprises  
5 the Swedish mutation (K→N, M→L) adjacent to the β-secretase processing site.

106. A method according to claim 104, wherein the host cell has been  
transformed or transfected with a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence  
that encodes a Hu-Asp2, wherein said nucleotide sequence is selected from the group  
10 consisting of:

(a) a nucleotide sequence encoding the Hu-Asp2(a) amino acid sequence  
set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4;

(b) a nucleotide sequence encoding the Hu-Asp2(b) amino acid sequence  
set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6;

15 (c) a nucleotide sequence encoding a fragment of Hu-Asp2(a) (SEQ ID  
NO: 4) or Hu-Asp2(b) (SEQ ID NO: 6), wherein said fragment exhibits aspartyl  
protease activity characteristic of Hu-Asp2(a) or Hu-Asp2(b); and

(d) a nucleotide sequence of a polynucleotide that hybridizes under  
stringent hybridization conditions to the complement of a Hu-Asp2-encoding  
20 polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 3 and SEQ ID NO:  
5.

107. A method according to claim 104, further comprising a step of treating  
Alzheimer's Disease with an agent identified as an inhibitor of Hu-Asp2 according to  
25 steps (a)-(c).

108. A method for identifying agents that inhibit the activity of human Asp2  
aspartyl protease (Hu-Asp2), comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting Hu-Asp2 and amyloid precursor protein (APP) in the  
30 presence and absence of a test agent, wherein the contacting comprises

growing a host cell transformed or transfected with a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding the Hu-Asp2 in the presence and absence of the test agent;

(b) determining the APP processing activity of the Hu-Asp2 in the presence and absence of the test agent; and

(c) comparing the APP processing activity of the Hu-Asp2 polypeptide in the presence of the test agent to the activity in the absence of the test agent to identify an agent that inhibits the activity of Hu-Asp2, wherein reduced activity in the presence of the test agent identifies an agent that inhibits Hu-Asp2 activity.

109. A method according to claim 108, wherein the host cell expresses APP.

110. A method according to claim 109 wherein the determining step comprises measuring the production of amyloid beta peptide by the cell in the presence and absence of the test agent.

111. A method according to claim 109, wherein the host cell expresses an APP having an amino acid sequence that includes a carboxy-terminal di-lysine.

112. A method according to claim 109, wherein the host cell expresses an APP comprising the Swedish mutation (K→N, M→L) adjacent to the  $\beta$ -secretase processing site.

113. A method according to claim 108, wherein the host cell is a human embryonic kidney cell line 293 (HEK293) cell.



114. A method according to claim 108 wherein the nucleotide sequence is selected from the group consisting of:

(a) a nucleotide sequence encoding the Hu-Asp2(a) amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4;

5 (b) a nucleotide sequence encoding the Hu-Asp2(b) amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6;

(c) a nucleotide sequence encoding a fragment of Hu-Asp2(a) (SEQ ID NO: 4) or Hu-Asp2(b) (SEQ ID NO: 6), wherein said fragment exhibits aspartyl protease activity characteristic of Hu-Asp2(a) or Hu-Asp2(b); and

10 (d) a nucleotide sequence of a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions to the complement of a Hu-Asp2-encoding polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 3 and SEQ ID NO: 5.

15 115. A method according to claim 108, wherein the host cell comprises a vector that comprises the polynucleotide.

116. A method according to claim 108 wherein the polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding the Hu-Asp2(a) amino acid sequence set  
20 forth in SEQ ID NO: 4.

117. A method according to claim 108 wherein the polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding the Hu-Asp2(b) amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 6.

25 118. A method according to claim 108 wherein the polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide comprising a fragment of Hu-Asp2(a) (SEQ ID NO: 4) or Hu-Asp2(b) (SEQ ID NO: 6), wherein said fragment exhibits aspartyl protease activity characteristic of Hu-Asp2(a) or Hu-Asp2(b).

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119. A method according to claim 108 wherein the Hu-Asp2 is encoded by a nucleotide sequence of a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions to the complement of a Hu-Asp2-encoding polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 3 and SEQ ID NO: 5.

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120. A method according to claim 108, further comprising a step of treating Alzheimer's Disease with an agent identified as an inhibitor of Hu-Asp2 according to steps (a)-(c).

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121. A method for identifying agents that modulate the activity of Asp2 aspartyl protease, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting an Asp2 aspartyl protease and amyloid precursor protein (APP) in the presence and absence of a test agent, wherein the Asp2 aspartyl protease is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions to the complement of a Hu-Asp2-encoding polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 3 and SEQ ID NO: 5;

15

(b) determining the APP processing activity of the Asp2 aspartyl protease in the presence and absence of the test agent; and

20

(c) comparing the APP processing activity of the Asp2 aspartyl protease in the presence of the test agent to the activity in the absence of the agent to identify agents that modulate the activity of the Asp2 aspartyl protease, wherein a modulator that is an Asp2 inhibitor reduces APP processing and a modulator that is an Asp2 agonist increases such processing.

25

122. A method according to claim 121, wherein the Asp2 aspartyl protease is purified and isolated.

30

123. A method according to claim 121, further comprising a step of treating Alzheimer's Disease with an agent identified as an inhibitor of Hu-Asp2 according to steps (a)-(c).



$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} \left( \frac{1}{\rho} \right) + \frac{1}{\rho} \left( \frac{d\rho}{dt} \right)^2 = - \frac{G M}{r^3} \quad (1)$$

131. A method according to claim 130, wherein the cell is a neural cell.

132. A method according to claim 130, wherein the anti-sense reagent comprises an oligonucleotide comprising a single stranded nucleic acid sequence capable of binding to a Hu-Asp mRNA.

133. A method according to claim 130, wherein the anti-sense reagent comprises an oligonucleotide comprising a single stranded nucleic acid sequence capable of binding to a Hu-Asp DNA.

134. A method of reducing cellular production of amyloid beta (A $\beta$ ) from amyloid precursor protein (APP), comprising steps of:

- (a) identifying mammalian cells that produce A $\beta$ ; and
- (b) transforming or transfecting the cells with an anti-sense reagent capable of reducing Asp2 polypeptide production by reducing Asp2 transcription or translation in the cells, wherein reduced Asp2 polypeptide production in the cells correlates with reduced cellular processing of APP into A $\beta$ .

135. A method according to claim-134, wherein the cell is a neural cell.

136. A method according to claim 134, wherein the anti-sense reagent comprises an oligonucleotide comprising a single stranded nucleic acid sequence capable of binding to a Hu-Asp mRNA.

5 137. A method according to claim 133, wherein the anti-sense reagent comprises an oligonucleotide comprising a single stranded nucleic acid sequence capable of binding to a Hu-Asp DNA.

10 138. A method according to claim 133, wherein the identifying step comprises diagnosing Alzheimer's disease, where Alzheimer's disease correlates with the existence of cells that produce A $\beta$  that forms amyloid plaques in the brain.

139. A vector comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 22.

15 140. A host cell comprising a vector according to claim 139.

141. A purified polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 8.

20 142. A polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a polypeptide according to any one of claims 42-61, wherein said polypeptide lacks a transmembrane domain and retains  $\beta$ -secretase activity of a human Asp2 protein.

25 143. A method according to claim 83, wherein the first composition comprises a human Asp2 polypeptide of any one of claims 1-13, 19-24, 26-27 or 47-62.



100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 510 511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569 570 571 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837 838 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 864 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 908 909 910 911 912 913 914 915 916 917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986 987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000

150. A method according to claim 148, wherein the Hu-Asp2 comprises a fragment of Hu-Asp2(a) or Hu-Asp2(b), wherein the Hu-Asp 2 lacks amino acids 1-45 of SEQ ID NOS: 4 or 6.